I would like to personally thank you for watching the Origins television program. This show was special, near to the heart of my parents, Russ and Norma Bixler.

I trust that the information in this presentation will be helpful in your study of creation science. Thank you for your prayerful and financial support of Origins... you’re making the television production of this program possible!

Also available now a legacy website dedicated to my parents at russandnormabixler.com.

Paul R. Bixler
Producer/Editor
Now faith is confidence in what we hope for and assurance about what we do not see.

-Hebrews 11:1

Greetings and welcome to the Russ and Norma Bixler legacy website. Our family trusts that your visit today will provide strength, hope and encouragement to you.
Polonius: What do you read, my lord?

Hamlet: Words words words words
Words Give Information
Days of Creation

Genesis

Six days God created the heavens and the earth.

3/26/07

One light appeared at the beginning of God's first day of creation. Humphrey's first day model is used to explain the observed light from stars millions of light years away. Creationists believe the Bible account of the Creation story is a scientific fact. The universe was created in six literal days, beginning with the Creation of the firmament on the third day.

Earth Science

Scientific studies have shown that the earth is millions of years old. Most scientists use the Big Bang Theory to theorize about the origin of the universe. Creationists believe the Bible account of the Creation story is a scientific fact.

Cosmology

The universe is a vast and complex system of stars and galaxies. The concept of a Big Bang has been used to explain the origin of the universe. Creationists believe the Bible account of the Creation story is a scientific fact.
Genesis 1:1-5
1. In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth.
2. The earth was without form, and void; and darkness was on the face of the deep. And the Spirit of God was hovering over the face of the waters.
3. Then God said, "Let there be light"; and there was light.
4. And God saw the light, that it was good; and God divided the light from the darkness.
5. God called the light Day, and the darkness He called Night. So the evening and the morning were the first day.

John 1:1-3
1. In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God.
2. He was in the beginning with God.
3. All things were made through Him, and without Him nothing was made that was made.
• For thus says the LORD, Who created the heavens, Who is God, Who formed the earth and made it, Who has established it, Who did not create it in vain, Who formed it to be inhabited: "I am the LORD, and there is no other. . ."
Where Birds Eat Horses
“The word dinosaur is not in the Bible!”
KJV Bible translated into English 1611.

The word “dinosaur” was invented in 1841.

Why don’t I find the word “dinosaur” in the Bible?

PRESENT DAY
Richard Owen
probably, possibly
Different types of hadrosaur herded in the same area. Some had special bony head crests, possibly to identify members of their own species.

With no living hadrosaurs to study, we can only guess at their herd behaviour...

*Text taken from exhibits in the Natural History Museum of London*
Possibly, like today’s rams and goats, Pachycephalosaurus engaged in head butting contests to establish herd leadership.

*Text taken from exhibits in the Natural History Museum of London*
May have, might have, would have...
The large thumb on its hand may have been used for hooking branches, digging, or even for fighting.

*Text taken from exhibits in the Natural History Museum of London*
The rows of tall plates running along its back, together with two pairs of sharp tail spikes, would have discouraged the hungriest meat-eater.

*Text taken from exhibits in the Natural History Museum of London*
The Unanswered Question
Remains of these large hunters are hardly ever found together. Did they live alone like leopards, carefully avoiding competitors?

*Text taken from exhibits in the Natural History Museum of London*
Their size would make it difficult to chase victims for long periods. Did they use ambush tactics like the polar bear?

*Text taken from exhibits in the Natural History Museum of London*
Imagination
“What paleontologists know about the past is as much a product of their imaginations as it is dusty fossils extracted from rocks”

Eric D. Gyllenhaal,
<http://saltthesandbox.org/dinosaurs/parents.htm>
By duplicating itself **two and a half million years ago** the gene **could have given** early human brains the power of speech and invention, leaving** cousins such as chimpanzees behind.

The gene, known as SRGAP2, helps control the development of the neocortex – the part of the brain responsible for higher functions like language and conscious thought.

Having an extra copies slowed down the development of the brain, allowing it to forge more connections between nerve cells and in doing so grow bigger and more complex, **researchers said**.
Gene which sparked human brain leap identified

Scientists have identified the gene which may have driven the crucial step in evolution where man learned to talk.

Nick Collins, Science Correspondent, Date: 3 May 2012 Time: 07:38 PM BST

Although humans and chimpanzees separated six million years ago, we still share 96 per cent of our genome and the gene is one of only about 30 which have copied themselves since that time.

The first duplication was relatively inactive but the second occurred at about the time when primitive Homo separated from its brother, Australopithecus species, and began developing more sophisticated tools and behaviours.

Evan Eichler at the University of Washington, who led the research, said the benefit of the duplication would have been instant, meaning human ancestors could have distanced themselves from rival species within a generation.

He said: “This innovation could not have happened without that incomplete duplication. Our data suggest a mechanism where incomplete duplication of this gene created a novel function ‘at birth’.”

Information taken from the Daily Telegraph, and used under ‘fair use’ for educational purposes.
What Does the Bible Say?
15 Behold now behemoth, which I made with thee; he eateth grass as an ox.

16 Lo now, his strength is in his loins, and his force is in the navel of his belly.

17 He moveth his tail like a cedar: the sinews of his stones are wrapped together.

18 His bones are as strong pieces of brass; his bones are like bars of iron.

19 He is the chief of the ways of God: he that made him can make his sword to approach unto him.
Diplodocus
1. Then the LORD answered Job out of the whirlwind, and said:

2. "Who is this who darkens counsel By words without knowledge?

3. Now prepare yourself like a man; I will question you, and you shall answer Me.

4. "Where were you when I laid the foundations of the earth? Tell Me, if you have understanding.

5. Who determined its measurements? Surely you know! Or who stretched the line upon it?
THE Language of Language EVOLUTION